

2019 ACTS Annual Report

Statistical Quality Assurance applied to IQVIA's Information Offerings

Global Data Science and Advanced Analytics

(v20200227)

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Welcome

The IQVIA Quality Assurance program **ACTS** - short for *Accuracy and Timeliness Statistics* - has been a cornerstone for many decades in assuring the quality of IQVIA's Information Offerings. This edition is presented in a streamlined layout, focusing on what counts most: *Data, Trends and Outcomes*! Charts presented in this report are mostly self-explanatory and do not require much commentary. Timeliness reported in this edition is measured on number of days after the period the data is available on MIDAS.

ACTS country reports are now available on the IQVIA Customer Portal, with country results being uploaded as soon as data has been thoroughly analyzed and validated. If you are a customer portal user, please visit ACTS Country Reports under the MIDAS country coverage section and subscribe to new content by enabling Manage IQVIA Alerts Subscriptions under 'My Settings'. In this annual report, you will find single country reports in the Appendix.

This program would not be possible without the help from 3,500+ pharma company affiliates, who provide ex-factory sales for 81,000+ product forms. IQVIA local *Client Service* and *Production* teams work hard with those affiliates in obtaining clients' data for this validation annually. The *Global Data Science and Advanced Analytics* team then analyze, interpret the result and work with IQVIA teams to improve data quality for the future.

My heartfelt gratitude to all the people who contributed to assuring that ACTS has been the one-and-only benchmark for monitoring data accuracy and for triggering and tracking corrective actions. I would also like to thank you for your continuous interest in IQVIA's global quality results. As a unique tool in quality management it publicly shares and drives improvement measures on the IQVIA Information Offerings business, especially for clients dealing with a wider range of countries on MIDAS.

Please read the next page to learn more about what ACTS is. If you have questions about the methodology being used for deriving two core quality metrics *Bias* and *Precision* and for measuring *Timeliness*, please refer to the Methodology section featured in the Appendix. For questions about this quality assurance program, please contact MIDAS Offering Management (<u>MIDAS@iqvia.com</u>), for technical assistance or inquiries about accessing services on the IQVIA Customer Portal, please email <u>eService@iqvia.com</u>.

Yours sincerely,

Yilian Yuan, PhD, MBA

SVP, Global Data Science and Advanced Analytics



About this report

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ACTS is a unique statistical quality assurance program, measuring data accuracy and timeliness of IQVIA's Information Offerings hosted on MIDAS.

What ACTS is:

- ACTS stands for Accuracy and Timeliness Statistics, a globally implemented, standardized and evidence-based quality assurance program that has been in operation for more than 30 years. It validates IQVIA's information offerings of sales data for each product pack registered in a market with the help of pharmaceutical companies.
- The manufacturers participating in the survey supply a total of the ex-factory quantity sold in the validated calendar year for each registered product pack. These are compared with IQVIA's audits. Accuracy and timeliness indicators are derived from the analysis and reported in ACTS.
- It provides cross-national comparability of quality measurements. The validation results are published individually for each country and on the IQVIA Customer Portal and IQVIA Homepage.
- Timeliness of MIDAS data offerings is measured against target values (days after period) in a standardized way and published.
- As a special feature ACTS reports the validity of IQVIA Market Prognosis and its forecasting accuracy.
- The ACTS report is the only quality assurance program in our industry to document the audits' quality and timeliness transparently across countries.

ACTS Data Basis:

		Accu	iracy		Timeliness
	Countries*	Distribution Channels		Packs	Deliverables
Pogion					
North America	2	1	600+	126	180+
Latin America	10	13	250+	12K	250+
Europe	22	46	1.800+	39K	1.000+
Africa, M. East, S. Asia	12	13	400+	8K	300+
Asia Pacific	8	11	350+	10K	260+
Total	54	87	3,400+	81K	2,000+
Channel					
Retail (Sell-in)	39	40	1,500+	42K	1,000+
Hospital (Sell-in)	8	8	250+	4K	600+
Combined (Sell-in)	11	11	450+	14K	90+
Retail (Sell-out)	10	11	550+	13K	-
Total Market (Sell-in)	1	1	70+	1K	180+
Retail OTC (Sell-in)	16	16	500+	7K	-
Other	-	-	-	-	160+
Total	54	87	3,400+	81K	2,000+



MIDAS: The trusted industry gold standard in global market measurement





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Accuracy: Global & Regional Results

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Content covered in this section



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Regions and Countries validated



Geographical Coverage

Regions covered:

- North America
- United States
- Canada
- Latin America
- Europe
- Africa, Middle East, South Asia (AMESA)
- Asia Pacific (APAC)

Countries not covered:

- Australia
- Belgium
- India
- Indonesia
- Ireland
- Malaysia
- New Zealand
- Portugal
- Romania
- Spain
- Sri Lanka
- Venezuela
- Vietnam



Global and Regional Results

Coverage

- A number of IQVIA audit data could not be validated due to lack of previously participating companies in the respective countries: e.g.
 Australia, Belgium, India, Ireland, New Zealand, Sri Lanka Venezuela.
- Countries paused validation of the most recent calendar year as information offerings were undergoing upgrade of data sources or statistical methodologies or both: e.g.
 Indonesia, Malaysia, Vietnam.
- IQVIA could not secure enough participating companies, yet the validation was conducted but not published as the validated market share fell below a minimum threshold: e.g. Portugal, Spain, Romania.

Results



Summary

- Global precision index slightly reduced by 0.4%-points in 2018 but still remains close to 95%.
- 2018 result of 94.8% is lowest in recent years, mainly caused by deteriorations in Hospital and PharmaTrend.
- North America turned out to be the leading region with highest precision of 96.8%.
- Latin America region is ranked with lowest precision of 89.3% but has improved vs. previous year.
- Europe region fell below the 95% threshold and experienced the largest decline in absolute terms.

Retail Validation Results



	Improv	/ement		Deterioration		
Country	Precision 2018 %	Change vs. 2017 %p	Country	Precision 2018 %	Change vs. 2017 %p	
Bangladesh	77.6	+5.2	Estonia	81.9	-5.5	
Bolivia	56.3	+2.7	Ecuador	91.3	-2.8	
Bulgaria	94.0	+4.5	South Korea	86.9	-3.2	
Central America	88.3	+3.8	Paraguay	58.1	-2.6	
Chile	96.3	+6.6	Uruguay	84.2	-2.5	
Colombia	84.3	+3.5				
Greece	91.6	+2.3				
Hongkong	80.0	+4.6				
Lithuania	98.8	+3.0				
Morocco	96.1	+2.6				



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Hospital Validation Results



	Improvement			Deterioration		
Country	Precision 2018 %	Change vs. 2017 %p	Country	Precision 2018 %	Change vs. 2017 %p	
China	97.5	+1.0	Austria	82.7	-1.5	
Serbia	96.1	+1.7	Italy	85.2	-5.6	
Slovenia	99.7	+1.6	South Korea	46.9	-3.5	
Switzerland	99.8	+1.0	United Kingdom	90.1	-4.3	



Pharmacy Sell-out (PharmaTrend PTR) Validation Results



	Improv	vement		Deterioration		
Country	Precision 2018 %	Change vs. 2017 %p	Country	Precision 2018 %	Change vs. 2017 %p	
Austria	95.9	+1.9	Germany	90.8	-2.8	
Poland	89.6	+2.7				
Slovakia	95.4	+2.3				



Retail OTC Validation Results



Improvement			Deterioration		
Country	Precision 2018 %	Change vs. 2017 %p	Country	Precision 2018 %	Change vs. 2017 %p
Austria	94.7	+2.2	Argentina	85.6	-4.1
Bulgaria	93.2	+12.7	Germany	91.8	-3.7
Greece	83.6	+2.2	South Korea	73.3	-10.0
Mexico	95.9	+3.4	Slovakia	95.7	-2.5
Poland	82.7	+7.3			



Timeliness

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DAP improved by 1 day on both monthly and quarterly deliverables. 88% of monthly deliverables were on-time!



Timeliness being measured against delivery targets of 30 days for Monthly MIDAS and 45 days for Quarterly MIDAS DAP data being used is also published on MIDAS Delivery Performance: https://customerportal.imshealth.com/sites/imsportal/product-support/midas-products-psa/igvia-midas/psa/database-update-schedules



Number of deliverables used for measuring Timeliness

	2015		2016		201	2017		2018		2019	
	MONTH	QUARTER									
Channel											
Combined	60	32	60	32	60	32	60	32	60	32	
Hospital	439	171	443	172	443	172	444	172	444	172	
Non-Retail	36	12	36	12	36	12	36	12	36	12	
Other	84	32	84	32	84	32	84	32	84	32	
Retail	736	280	744	280	744	280	744	280	741	280	
Total Sales	132	48	132	48	132	48	132	48	132	48	
Total	1,487	575	1,499	576	1,499	576	1,500	576	1,497	576	
Region											
North America	132	48	132	48	132	48	132	48	132	48	
Latin America	192	68	192	68	192	68	192	68	189	68	
Europe	791	263	803	264	803	264	804	264	804	264	
Africa, M. East, S. Asia	216	84	216	84	216	84	216	84	216	84	
Asia Pacific	156	112	156	112	156	112	156	112	156	112	
Total	1,487	575	1,499	576	1,499	576	1,500	576	1,497	576	





Specialty Markets

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MIDAS Specialty Definition

Starting point – US specialty definition

- The starting point for the MIDAS specialty definition is the IQVIA USA detailed definition of a specialty product, which includes concepts such as price, involvement of a specialist, form of administration, etc.
- First, the approved indication must be considered to be specialty (chronic and/or complex and/or rare and/or genetic) for a pack to be classified as specialty
- The pack **must then also meet 4 out of 7** other criteria to be classified as specialty
- These US products have formed the starting point to identify similar products in other countries to assess if they are specialty using the MIDAS definition



ATC 4th level definition of Specialty

Anti-TNF & more*	Hepatitis B & HIV	Oncology				Crohn's disease**		Others***		
L04B0	J05C1	L01A0	L01G2	L01H9	L02A2	V03C0	A07E0	A16A0	H01C2	L03B1
L04C	J05C2	L01B0	L01G3	L01J0	L02A3	V03D0	A07E1	B02C1	H01C3	L03B2
L04X0	J05C3	L01C1	L01G4	L01X1	L02A9		A07E2	B02C9	H02A1	L03B3
M01C0	J05C4	L01C2	L01G5	L01X2	L02B1		A07E9	B02D1	H04C0	L03B9
	J05C5	L01C3	L01G9	L01X3	L02B2			B02D2	H04E0	M05B3
	J05C9	L01C4	L01H1	L01X4	L02B3			B02D3	J06C0	M05B9
	J05D1	L01C9	L01H2	L01X5	L02B9			B03C0	J06E0	
	J05D2	L01D0	L01H3	L01X8	L03A1			G02X9	J06H4	
		L01F0	L01H4	L01X9	L03A9			G03G0	J06H9	
		L01G1	L01H5	L02A1	M05B4			H01C1	J06J0	

** not represented in this report

*** Acromegaly, Erythropoietins (Anemia), Gaucher's (Metabolic Disease), Growth hormones, Hemophilia, Immunoglobulins, Infertility, INJ CORTICOSTEROIDS PLN, Interferons (Hepatitis C, MS), Osteoporosis, Other Anticoagulants, Other Gynaecologicals, Parathyroid hormones



In 10 years Specialty grew 3X while Non-Specialty drugs grew 1.4X. Today Specialty is taking 39% of the entire pharma market.



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Specialty market "Anti-TNF, specific anti-rheumatic agents and Immunosuppressants" show largest improvement*

Survey Basis

	Anti-TNF	Hep B & HIV	Oncology	Others	All Specia	Ity Groups
Countries surveyed	France Germany Japan Switzerland USA	France Germany Switzerland USA	Austria Croatia Czech Republic France Germany Greece Hungary Italy Japan Mexico Pakistan Poland Russia Slovakia Sovakia South Africa Switzerland Turkey UAE USA	Argentina Austria C. America Czech R. Ecuador France Germany Hungary Italy Japan Mexico Pakistan Peru Russia Saudi Arabia Serbia South Africa South Korea Switzerland Turkey United Kingdom USA	Algeria Argentina Austria Bangladesh Bolivia Brazil Bulgaria C. America Chile China Croatia Czech R. Ecuador France Germany Greece Hungary Italy Japan Kazakhstan Lebanon Lithuania Mexico Pakistan	Paraguay Peru Philippines Poland Russia Saudi Arabia Serbia Slovakia Slovakia Slovenia South Africa South Korea Switzerland Turkey UAE United Kingdom Uruguay USA
Specialty products surveyed	410	130	1,375	1,147	4,2	261

2017 2018

IQVIA Market Prognosis

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IQVIA Market Prognosis

A strategic market forecasting publication that provides unparalleled country-level information on the pharmaceutical and healthcare industries.

- Based on a rigorous evaluation of key events affecting the marketplace, IQVIA Market Prognosis provides a robust five-year forecast at country, regional, and global levels.
- Customers can gain insights into the economic and political issues affecting the local pharmaceutical and healthcare industries such as cost containment, prescribing and reimbursement, pricing trends, and the regulatory environment.
- Forecasts are supported with detailed evaluation of the key issues affecting the market place.
- In-depth reports are available for 49 countries across 7 regions.
- Market Prognosis Global extends coverage, providing top-line country forecasts across 220 countries in 11 regions.

Use Cases

Customers can use IQVIA Market Prognosis to:

- Validate their forecasts to establish annual targets
- Set and manage expectations from corporate headquarters to local subsidiaries
- Evaluate key economic and healthcare related issues in each country
- Identify macro events shaping the pharmaceutical country markets
- Understand key drivers in the hospital and retail markets over the next five years for each country market
- Apply unrivalled world perspective on established and emerging markets to determine future investments

Market Prognosis

Validity of Annual Forecasts

Forecasting Bias (%) based on 47 Countries

Design	Average Bias (%)				
Region	20132017	20142018			
AMESA		+1.2			
Asia Pacific	+0.1	-0.5			
Europe	-8.8	-9.9			
Latin America	-2.6	-2.6			
North America	-12.9	-8.6			
All Regions	-5.4	-5.1			

Market Prognosis on selected Markets

Commentary

United States

- The main issues for the underestimation of the US forecast in years 2-5 are as follows:
- There was sharper than expected price growth from 2014-2017 due to multiple factors. One being the price growth of expected products being stronger than anticipated due to delays in the Loss of Exclusivity of a number of products, for which generic entrants had been anticipated.
- Hepatitis C sector dynamics have also contributed to the underestimation, as these products outperformed forecast expectations, significantly driving market growth in 2014 and 2015, as well as acting as less of a drag than anticipated in 2016.
- Innovative new product sales outperformed expectations in 2014-2016.
- Some cost-containment measures and pricing policies were not implemented to the extent that was previously anticipated.

• The overestimation of the Japan market forecast, particularly in year 4 and 5 i.e. 2017-2018, is mainly due to more aggressive price regulation by the NHI than expected. Unforeseen out-of-cycle price cuts of certain expensive oncology drugs, such as Opdivo, contributed to a fall in average prices in the year 2017 compared with an forecast recovery commonly seen during the oddnumbered years,

- The unscheduled 2018 NHI price reform measures, which drastically revised the PMP (price maintenance premium) criteria and the LLP (long-listed products) pricing rules—resulted in steep decline in prices of several patented as well as off-patent originator brands in 2018.
- The growth trends especially in the hospital sector, were also impacted by the unpredicted entry of life-saving hepatitis C products Sovaldi (sofosbuvir) and Harvoni (sofosbuvir + ledipasvir), wherein the year 2015 witnessed a surge in sales at the time of launch of these drugs, while the year 2017 saw a sharp decline in their consumption.

- The high five-year variance for the forecast 2014-2018 is due to the fact that the Chinese market – which had been growing at a CAGR of 20% between 2008 and 2013 – slowed sharply into single digits in 2015, year 2 of the MP Q1 2014 forecast publication.
- While the forecast anticipated a deceleration, it was for a more gradual, on trend slowdown. This is also what most if not all observers, including the local experts, expected at the time.
- The sharper-than-expected slowdown in 2015 was due to increasingly stringent cost-containment measures and the implementation of reimbursement claim controls, which were being rolled out more widely by the health insurance authorities during the course of 2014, with a view to reducing overprescribing and cutting out waste in the system. These led to hospitals tightening up monitoring of rational use of medicines, with traditional Chinese medicines (TCM) and adjuvant drugs (among others) particularly affected.

Market Prognosis on selected Markets

Commentary

- The higher than expected growth in the Italian pharmaceutical market can be attributed to the following factors:
- Hepatitis C drugs outperforming forecast expectations and driving market growth in 2015 and 2016, and expansion in reimbursement criteria for new innovative HCV treatments sustaining this growth in the remainder of the forecast period.
- Other innovative new products also drove market growth in the last five years.
- Higher than expected growth in the DPC sector as all regional authorities adopted this model in the last five years.
- The retail sector, however, remains a prime target for cost-containment and witnessed a decline or stagnant growth in the last five years.

France

- As in other major markets, the forecast for France underestimated the impact of the launch of high-cost hepatitis C products on hospital sector growth.
- At year-end 2013, the last full year available when the Q1 2014 forecast was produced, France's hospital sector showed negative growth.
- Hospital sector growth shot up to close to 10% at yearend 2014, driven by high price growth, mainly as a result of the launch of Sovaldi (sofosbuvir) under a temporary use authorization (ATU) in 2014.
- The calculated new product launch impact for 2014-2018 significantly underestimated the price impact of this novel therapy.

United Kingdom

- The underestimation in the 5-year forecast published in Q1 2014 is due in part to the assumption at that time that the PPRS for 2014-2018 period would comprise price cuts similar to the previous scheme.
- The new PPRS did not, however, include price cuts but imposed annual caps on NHS expenditure on brand medicines with allowed growth rates of just under 2% in 2016-2018.
- In addition, the entry of premium priced new and specialty medicines, such as new hepatitis C drugs, led to higher than expected price growth over the forecast period.

Market Prognosis on selected Markets

Commentary

Germany

• The forecast published in Q1 2014 underestimated the five-year outlook in Germany largely due greater than expected use of higher priced innovative therapies which accelerated price/SU growth above the forecast at that time over the 5-year forecasting period.

- The 5-year forecast overestimation was due to an unexpected economic recession and change in the political landscape. Following years of expansionary populist healthcare programs and high levels of public spending (which continued into 2014), finances were stretched, and cost-containment measures started to increase.
- The deteriorating economy, and rising inflation, affected consumer confidence and disposable incomes, further impacting retail sales. Although, the government's popularity had started to decline, the EIU and polls predicted its re-election in 2014. Market Prognosis forecasts, though more cautious, at the time assumed a continuation of healthcare policies.
- Brazil entered an unexpected recession in 2015-2016 and witnessed an unpredicted presidential impeachment, which led to the formation of a new centrist government at the end of 2016. The new government intensified cost-containment, cut healthcare budgets and reduced funding for healthcare programs.
- CMED tightened controls by setting maximum price increases below inflation, further affecting pharmaceutical value sales.

- Spain
- The 5-year forecast underestimation of market value for 2014-2018, reflected the fact that Spain was emerging from a deep recession.
- Pharmaceutical sales growth was expected to be restricted by the harsh austerity measures, which were expected to remain in place over the forecast period.
- Market Prognosis forecasts remained conservative. However, a better than expected economic recovery was recorded during 2015-2017.
- Additionally, better than expected pharmaceutical sales growth was observed during this period, especially at hospital level, mostly driven in 2015 by high expenditure on hepatitis C virus (HCV) treatments (though this was a short-term boost, as sales started to slow down in 2016, as new competitors entered the market and as HCV drug prices fell).
- Likewise, growth recovered in 2016, due mainly to lack of control on expenditure resulting from an unforeseen political gridlock starting late 2015 and 2016. Provisions in the Royal Decrees introduced in 2015, to further cut spending, have been on hold ever since.

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Accuracy: Country/Channel Results

Validated Countries / Regions by Channel

(please use hyperlinks for navigation)

Retail (Sell-in)	Retail (Sell-in)
+ <u>Algeria</u>	+ <u>Jordan</u>
+ Argentina	+ <u>Kuwait</u>
+ <u>Austria</u>	+ Latvia
+ Bangladesh	+ <u>Lebanon</u>
+ <u>Brazil</u>	+ Lithuania
+ <u>Bulgaria</u>	+ <u>Mexico</u>
+ <u>Canada</u>	+ <u>Morocco</u>
+ Central America	+ <u>Pakistan</u>
+ <u>Chile</u>	+ <u>Peru</u>
+ <u>Colombia</u>	+ Philippines
+ Croatia	+ Saudi Arabia
+ Dominican Republic	+ Singapore
+ Ecuador	+ South Korea
+ <u>Egypt</u>	+ South Africa
+ Estonia	+ Thailand
+ <u>Germany</u>	+ <u>Tunisia</u>
+ Hong Kong	+ <u>Turkey</u>
+ <u>Italy</u>	+ United A. Emirates

- tail (Sell-in) Hospital (Sell-in) + Austria + Canada China + + + South Korea
 - Hungary + Philippines Japan + Kazakhstan +
 - Poland + Russia +
 - Serbia +

+ Bosnia

+

Slovakia +

Combined (Sell-in)

Czech Republic

- Slovenia + Switzerland +
- + USA

- Retail OTC (Sell-in) Argentina +
- + Brazil

+

+

+

+

- Bulgaria
- Canada
- Mexico +
- South Africa + South Korea
- +

Retail OTC (Sell-out)

- Austria Czech Republic
- Germany
- + Greece +
- Italy +
 - Poland
- Slovakia +
- Switzerland +

- Other (Sell-out) Retail
- + France
- + Germany
- + Greece
- + United Kingdom
- PharmaTrend
- + Austria
- + Croatia
- + Czech Republic
 - + Finland
- + Germany
- + Hungary
- + Italy
- + Poland
- + Slovakia
- + Switzerland
- Hospital
- + Germany
- + Italy
- + United Kingdom

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+

- Hungary +

United States of America + Canada

Countries

United States of America

Canada

USA Retail + Non-Retail Validation Study

2018 Validation Study

Canada Retail Validation Study

2018 Validation Study

Canada OTC Validation Study









Canada Hospital Validation Study







Latin America



Countries	
Argentina	Ecuador
Bolivia	Mexico
Brazil	Paraguay
Central America	Peru
Guatemala	Uruguay
El Salvador	Venezuela
Honduras	
Nicaragua	
Costa Rica	
Panama	
Chile	
Colombia	
Dominican Republic	



Argentina Retail Validation Study









Argentina OTC Validation Study

2018 Validation Study

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Brazil Retail Validation Study









Brazil OTC Validation Study









Central America Retail Validation Study









Chile Retail Validation Study









Colombia Retail Validation Study







Dominican Republic Retail Validation Study

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Ecuador Retail Validation Study









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Mexico OTC Validation Study

2018 Validation Study





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Peru Retail Validation Study









Uruguay Retail+Mutuales Validation Study









Europe



Countries	
Austria	Kazakhstan
Belgium	Latvia
Bosnia	Lithuania
Bulgaria	Poland
Croatia	Portugal
Czech Republic	Romania
Estonia	Russia
Finland	Serbia
France	Slovakia
Germany	Slovenia
Greece	Spain
Hungary	Switzerland
Ireland	United Kingdom
Italy	



Austria Retail Validation Study







Austria OTC Validation Study





Austria PharmaTrend Validation Study







Austria Hospital Validation Study







Bosnia Retail+Hospital Validation Study







Bulgaria Retail Validation Study









Bulgaria OTC Validation Study

2018 Validation Study





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Croatia Retail Validation Study









Croatia PharmaTrend Validation Study







Czech Republic Retail+Hospital Validation Study







Czech Republic PharmaTrend Validation Study









Czech Republic OTC Validation Study







Estonia Retail Validation Study









France Retail Validation Study









Finland PharmaTrend Validation Study









Germany Retail Validation Study







Germany PharmaScope Validation Study







Germany PharmaTrend Validation Study









Germany OTC Validation Study






Germany Hospital Validation Study







Greece Retail Validation Study









Greece OTC Validation Study









Hungary Retail+Hospital Validation Study









Hungary PharmaTrend Validation Study









Hungary OTC Validation Study







Italy Retail Validation Study







Italy Hospital Validation Study







Italy PharmaTrend Validation Study







Italy OTC Validation Study







Kazakhstan Retail+Hospital Validation Study

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Latvia Retail Validation Study

2018 Validation Study



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Lithuania Retail Validation Study







Poland Retail+Hospital Validation Study







Poland PharmaTrend Validation Study







Poland OTC Validation Study







Russia Retail+Hospital Validation Study







Serbia Retail+Hospital Validation Study









Slovakia Retail+Hospital Validation Study









Slovakia PharmaTrend Validation Study









Slovakia OTC Validation Study









Slovenia Retail+Hospital Validation Study







Switzerland Retail+Hospital Validation Study









Switzerland PharmaTrend Validation Study

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Switzerland OTC Validation Study









United Kingdom Retail Validation Study

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Africa, Middle East, South Asia



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	Countries
Africa	Middle East
Algeria	• Egypt
• Morocco	• Jordan
South Africa	Kuwait
Tunisia	Lebanon
	Saudi Arabia

South Asia

Sri Lanka

India

Bangladesh

- **South Africa** •
- Turkey
- United Arab Emirates





Algeria Retail Validation Study







Morocco Retail Validation Study





South Africa Total Private Market Validation Study









South Africa OTC Validation Study









Tunisia Retail Validation Study









Egypt Retail Validation Study







Jordan Retail Validation Study









Kuwait Retail Validation Study






Lebanon Retail Validation Study









Saudi Arabia Retail Validation Study









Turkey Retail Validation Study







United Arab Emirates Retail Validation Study









Bangladesh Retail Validation Study

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Asia Pacific



Regions / Countries

Greater China

- China
- Hong Kong
- Taiwan

Pacific Asia

- South Korea
- Japan
- Australia
- New Zealand

Southeast Asia

- Indonesia
- Malaysia
- Pakistan
- Philippines
- Singapore
- Thailand
- Vietnam





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Hong Kong Retail Validation Study







Japan Retail+Hospital Validation Study









South Korea Retail Validation Study









South Korea OTC Validation Study







South Korea Hospital Validation Study







Pakistan Retail Validation Study









Philippines Retail Validation Study









Philippines Hospital Validation Study









Singapore Retail Validation Study









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Methodology

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Distribution Channels validated

ACTS compares the Manufacturer's ex-factory sales with IQVIA's audited channels





ACTS surveys 95% of the units market in the audited channel. Small 5% of product forms get excluded.

Decile Inclusion/Exclusion Schema

Total Market				Decile 1 breakdown				ACTS breakdown						
Decile	#Forms	Upper Limit (FY Units)	Total (FY Units)	Segment	Decile	#Forms	Upper Limit (FY Units)	Total (FY Units)	Segment	Decile	#Forms	Upper Limit (FY Units)	Total (FY Units)	Segment
1	16,746	288,316	421,249,733	Small 10%	1.01	12,546	20,349	42,128,674		1.01- 1.05	15,623	210,803,990	210,803,990	Small 5% excluded
2	874	795,338	421,315,079	Next 10% included	1.02	1,386	44,263	42,143,302		1.06-2	1,997	631,760,822	631,760,822	Small 15% included
3	385	1,541,503	421,089,812		1.03	771	67,192	42,167,630	Low 5% excluded 6-10	3-5	709	1,263,890,256	1,263,890,256	Medium 30% included
4	206	2,782,743	421,471,438	Medium 30% Included	1.04	530	93,364	42,200,606		6-10	132	2,103,828,718	2,103,828,718	Large 50% included
5	118	4,572,060	421,329,006		1.05	390	122,163	42,163,778						
6	66	9,143,464	427,161,847		1.06	313	148,246	42,209,105						
7	36	15,617,602	424,827,107	Large 50% included	1.07	258	181,048	42,244,392	Next 5% included					
8	20	34,458,310	444,648,076		1.08	215	214,823	42,284,130						
9	8	89,798,547	507,434,006		1.09	183	248,645	42,301,336						
10	2	206,855,970	299,757,682		1.10	154	288,316	41,406,780						
Total	18,461		4,210,283,786			16,746		421,249,733			18,461	4,210,283,786	4,210,283,786	
ACTS	1,715		3,789,034,053			1,123		210,445,743			2,838	3,999,479,796	3,999,479,796	



Validation Studies

How IQVIA measures Accuracy

- 1. Once a year, IQVIA supplies clients with a software that includes estimated yearly sales volumes for each product pack
- 2. Clients enter their actual ex-factory sales volume based on what they supplied to the validated market channel, e.g. retail pharmacies
- 3. Validation Studies then produce two key quality statements:
 - -BIAS: Average over/underestimation of the market or a single product
 - -PRECISION: Percentage of product forms weighted by its IQVIA units within a predefined deviation range

Validation Metrics

Bias: % of Over- or Underestimation

Interpretation

- The objective of Bias is to provide a robust estimation of average deviation between IQVIA data and Real data.
- Bias measures the level of deviation caused by systematic errors, e.g.
 - projecting to a too small universe may result in a negative bias (=underestimation) or
 - systematically collecting incomplete data from panels may lead to underestimated projected results or
 - not capturing 100% of the market, say because of unaudited channels (like private clinics) is another reason for Bias (here underestimation)
- Extreme R-Values distort robustness. Therefore, R-Values outside ±52.5% interval are excluded.

Calculus

Pack	Audit Units	Real Units	R-Values
А	1,000	900	1.111
В	1,200	1,500	0.800
С	4,000	3,800	1.053
D	6,500	7,000	0.929
E	7,200	7,400	0.973
Sum	19,900	20,600	0.966

Bias = -3.4%

Average over/underestimation (Bias) in %

 $= (\frac{\textit{Total Audit units of all validated product forms}}{\textit{Total REAL units of all validated product forms}} -1) * 100$

Limitations

- Inclusion of unaudited market channels (e.g. private clinics/dispensing doctors or tender) into real sales data affects bias measurement. Participants are not always able to segregate their sales to the validated segment.
- Low validation coverage may lead to an inaccurate bias measure. The higher the number of participants the better.
- Purposive selection of therapeutic classes or products into the validation data set provides an unrepresentative bias measure.



Overestimation



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Underestimation

Client

IQVIA



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Validation Metrics

Precision: % of products in a fixed range of deviation

Interpretation

- Precision index measures the R-Value dispersion, i.e. it measures how many R-Values (weighted by its IQVIA units) lay inside a ±22.5% interval around the overall Bias.
- Different to Bias which measures systematic effects, the Precision Index measures the random effect of a sample.
- A low precision index usually indicates that the underlying sample size is too small/not representative and also causes wrong market shares and rankings.
- A high precision index indicates a representative sample size and is a result of consistent projected numbers. This is being measured around the average Bias which either can be negative or positives.

Calculus









Timeliness

Speed of Delivery

Definition

- "Elapsed days after reporting period" measures the number of days, after the end of the reporting period until time of delivery on MIDAS.
- "On-Target %" measures how many data deliverables where shipped on MIDAS within a certain number of days.
- Thresholds:
 - Monthly: Actual \leq 30 days
 - Quarterly: Actual \leq 45 days
- Databases in scope:
 - Monthly MIDAS
 - Quarterly MIDAS

On-Target % vs. On-Time %

	On-Target %	On-Time %		
Transaction	Country/Region*Audit*Period (period = data month!)	Country*Audit*Period*Client (period = calendar month!)		
Measure	Days after Period (DAP)	Actual vs. Schedule		
Threshold	Monthly: Actual < 30 days Quarterly: Actual < 45 days	Actual < Schedule (agreed)		
Handling	Threshold is applied consistently to any country and audit.	Threshold is individual by country and considers local agreements with clients.		
Interpretation	Metric measures if deliverable is within threshold (DAP), hence the time it took after period to build databases.	Metric measures if deliverable is as per the plan. It considers agreed delivery dates with clients.		
Real world	"I received August data with delay"	"I got a late delivery in August"		
Publication	ACTS Annual Report	n/a		



ACTS content now available on IQVIA Customer Portal

How to access?

Access

If you are new to the customer portal, please selfregister <u>here</u>. Once you got your account set up, please access ACTS country results here: <u>ACTS</u> <u>Country Reports</u>.

Home > IQVIA MIDAS > Country Coverage > ACTS Country Reports

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2019 ACTS Annual Report

Presented to you by IQVIA's Global Data Science and Advanced Analytics Team with offices in Plymouth Meeting (United States), Frankfurt (Germany) and Beijing (China)

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